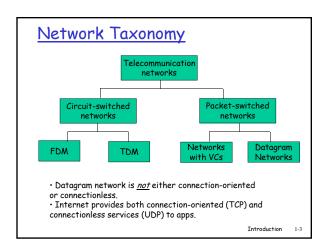
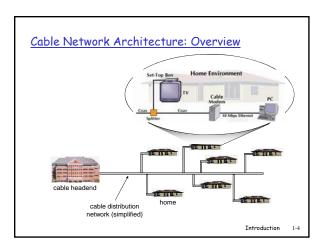
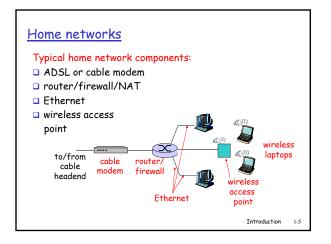
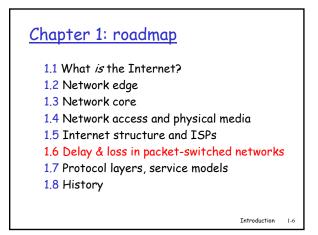
1-2

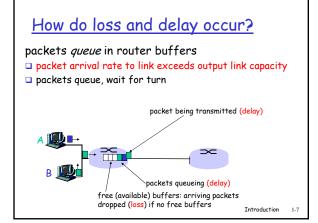
Last Course Review Network edge: connectionless service Network edge: connection-oriented service TCP service [RFC 793] Goal: data transfer Goal: data transfer App's using TCP: between end systems between end systems □ HTTP (Web), FTP (file □ *reliable, in-order* bytehandshaking: setup same as before! transfer), Telnet stream data transfer (remote login), SMTP UDP - User Datagram (prepare for) data loss: acknowledgements transfer ahead of time and retransmissions Protocol [RFC 768]: (email) Hello, hello back human □ flow control: connectionless protocol sender won't overwhelm o unreliable data App's using UDP: set up "state" in two receiver transfer communicating hosts streaming media, congestion control: no flow control TCP - Transmission teleconferencing, DNS, senders "slow down sending no congestion control Internet telephony Control Protocol rate" when network congested • Internet's connectionoriented service Introduction Introduction 1-1

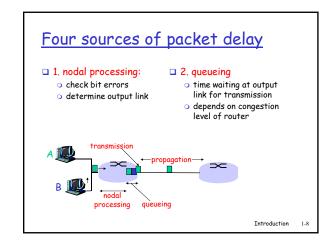


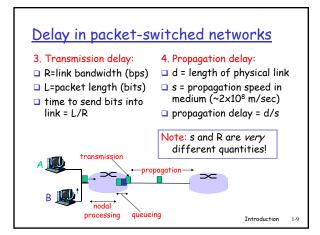


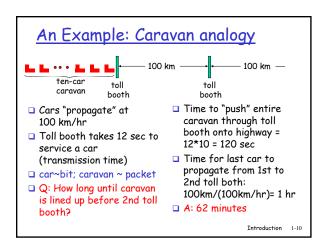


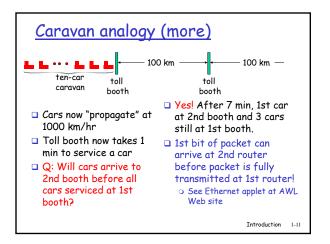


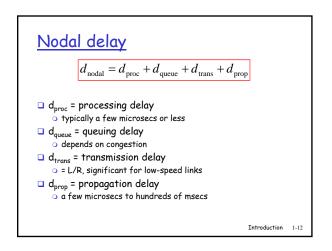








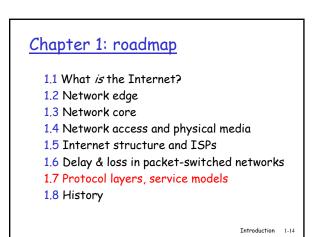


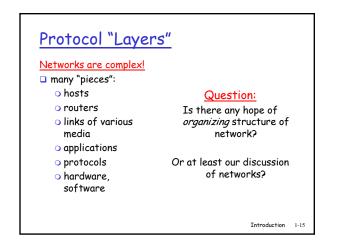


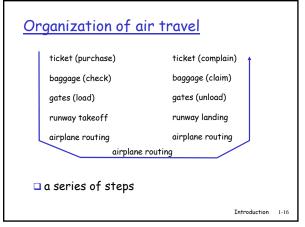
Packet loss

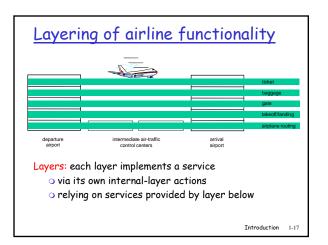
- queue (aka buffer) preceding link in buffer has finite capacity
- when packet arrives to full queue, packet is dropped (aka lost)
- lost packet may be retransmitted by previous node, by source end system, or not retransmitted at all

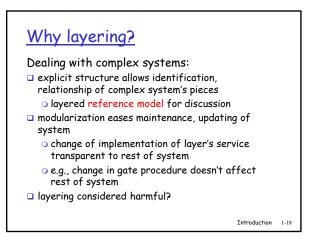
Introduction 1-13

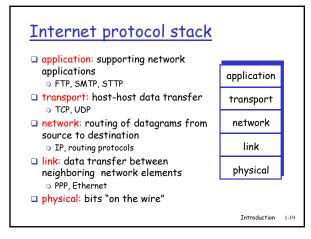


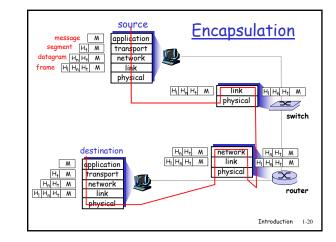










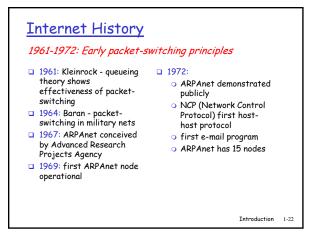


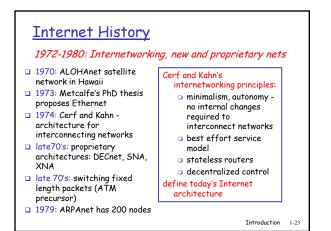
Chapter 1: roadmap

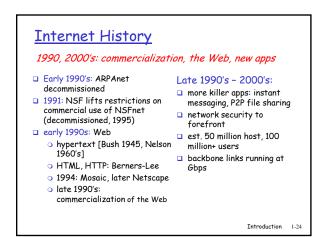
- 1.1 What is the Internet?
- 1.2 Network edge
- 1.3 Network core
- 1.4 Network access and physical media
- 1.5 Internet structure and ISPs
- 1.6 Delay & loss in packet-switched networks
- 1.7 Protocol layers, service models

1.8 History

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Introduction: Summary

Covered a "ton" of material!

Internet overview what's a protocol?

You now have: context, overview, "feel" of networking

- network edge, core, access network
 more depth, detail to follow!

 - packet-switching versus circuit-switching
- Internet/ISP structure
- performance: loss, delay
- layering and service models
- history

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