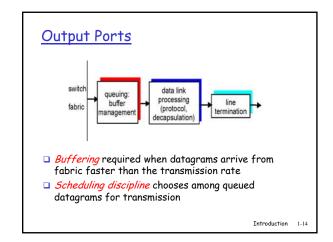
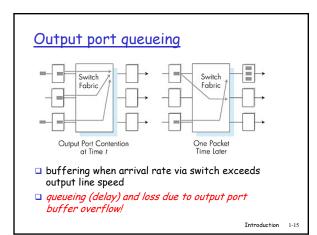


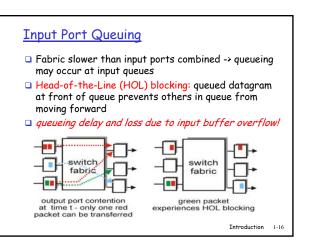
<u>Switching Via An Interconnection</u> <u>Network</u>

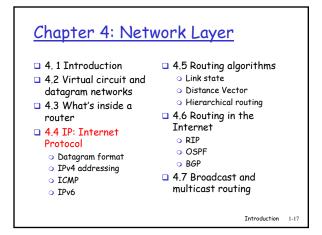
- overcome bus bandwidth limitations
- Banyan networks, other interconnection nets initially developed to connect processors in multiprocessor
- Advanced design: fragmenting datagram into fixed length cells, switch cells through the fabric.
- Cisco 12000: switches Gbps through the interconnection network

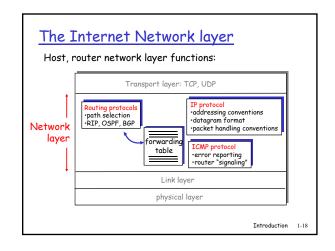
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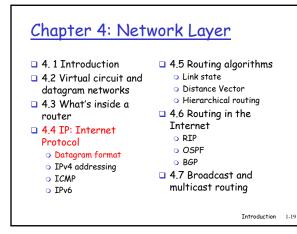


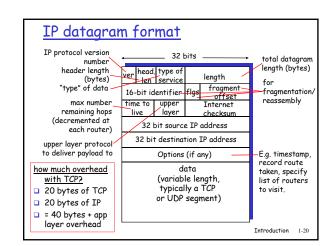


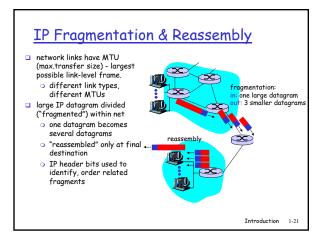


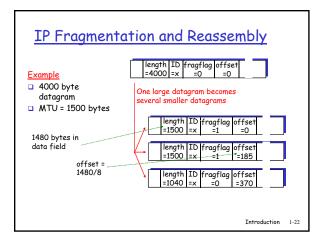


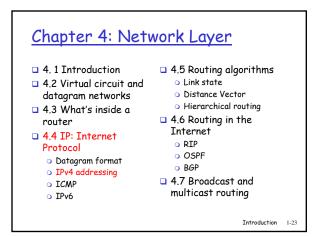


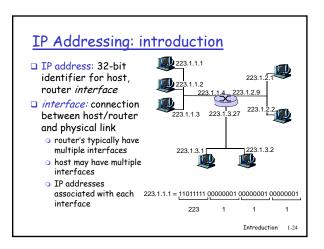


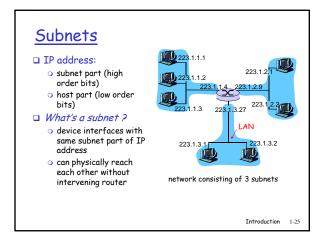


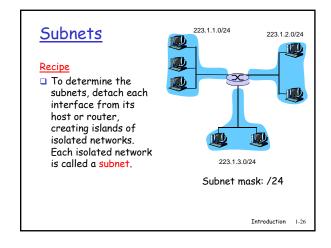


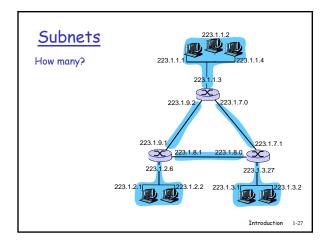


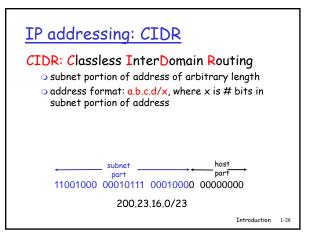


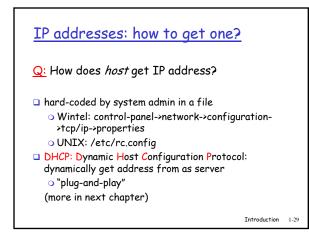


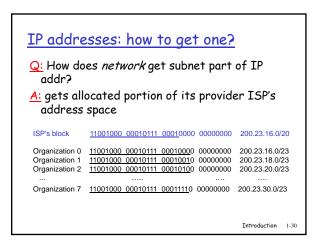


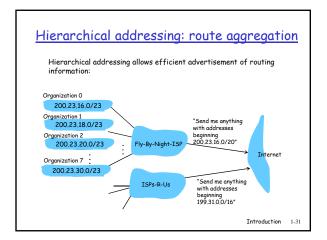


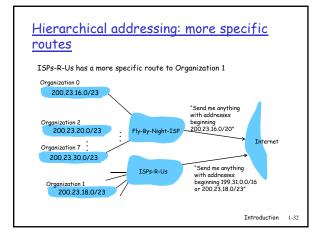


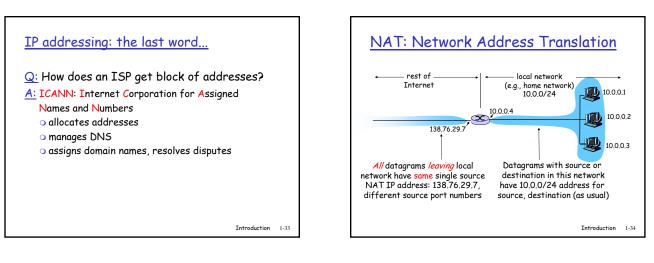








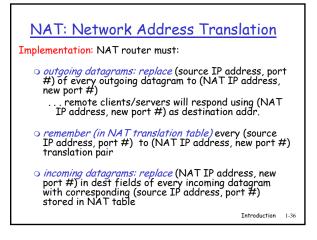


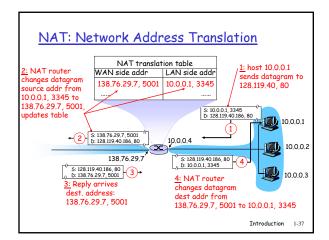


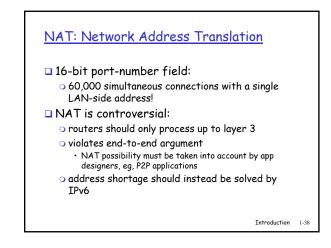
NAT: Network Address Translation

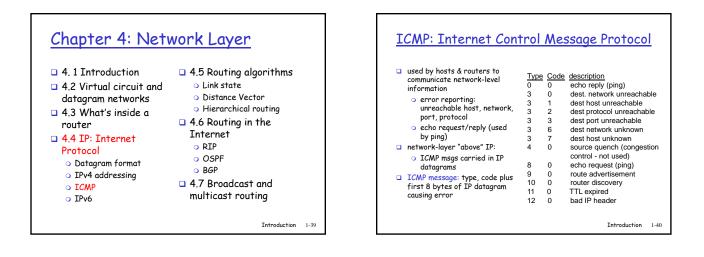
- Motivation: local network uses just one IP address as far as outside word is concerned:
 - no need to be allocated range of addresses from ISP:
 just one IP address is used for all devices
 - can change addresses of devices in local network without notifying outside world
 - can change ISP without changing addresses of devices in local network
 - devices inside local net not explicitly addressable, visible by outside world (a security plus).

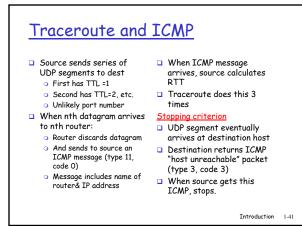
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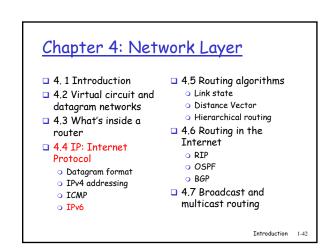












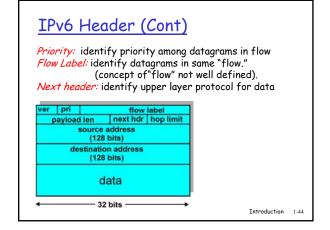
IPv6

- Initial motivation: 32-bit address space soon to be completely allocated.
- Additional motivation:
 - header format helps speed processing/forwarding
 header changes to facilitate QoS

IPv6 datagram format:

- o fixed-length 40 byte header
- o no fragmentation allowed

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Other Changes from IPv4

- Checksum: removed entirely to reduce processing time at each hop
- Options: allowed, but outside of header, indicated by "Next Header" field
- ICMPv6: new version of ICMP

 additional message types, e.g. "Packet Too Big"
 multicast group management functions

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Transition From IPv4 To IPv6 Not all routers can be upgraded simultaneous no "flag days" How will the network operate with mixed IPv4 and IPv6 routers? Tunneling: IPv6 carried as payload in IPv4

datagram among IPv4 routers

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